Cattle Crush Fatality

6 August 2019

Incident overview

A 69 year old, male, contract transport driver sustained fatal crush injuries after being struck by a bull in north western NSW. The worker was loading cattle onto a single deck trailer cattle transporter when a bull turned to exit the truck and pinned him against the race wall.

The investigation

- SafeWork NSW inspectors responded to the incident.
- SafeWork NSW commenced an investigation to determine the cause and circumstances of the incident.

Safety information


The information contained in this publication is based on knowledge and understanding at the time of writing. No conclusions should be drawn from the information in this publication about the cause of the incident or the culpability of any party.
Consider ‘reasonably practicable’ control measures to manage the risk of being crushed, kicked, trampled or gored. If you work with cattle during loading or unloading you are at greater risk of being injured when:

- you are inside the confines of the loading ramp (either behind or in between the cattle)
- you put your limbs through the bars of the ramp to move the cattle up or down the ramp.

Handlers must anticipate unpredictable animal behaviour when animals are in confined situations during loading, particularly when loading cattle by ramp. To stay safe:

- Train workers to perform the task safely.
- Design the loading ramp to accommodate the size and flow of the cattle.
- Ensure the width of the loading ramp is appropriate to the breed or class of cattle that will be negotiating the ramp.
- Ensure the slope of the loading ramp is not too steep.
- Put sheeting or panels along the walls of the loading ramp (sheeted panels make the cattle focus on the ramp exit and eliminate other distractions, sheeting also prevents your legs getting caught).
- Use a non-slip material on the floors of the ramp that does not vibrate or create noises likely to startle the animals.
- Use a catwalk and handrail alongside the ramp to help handlers move cattle at a safe distance.
- Fix a sliding gate at the top of the ramp that can be safely used to secure animals on the truck once it is loaded.
- Employ ‘low stress’ livestock handling techniques during loading or unloading.

Further information

You can also refer to the following guidance materials:

- Guide to managing risks in cattle handling
- Working with livestock: factsheet
- Cattle handling safety – a practical guide
- Guide for safe design of livestock loading ramps and forcing yards
- Safe loading and unloading of cattle – WorkSafe QLD
- Small business safety rebate program (use towards purchase of a cattle crush)